····	
1	Edmund G. Brown Jr.
2	Attorney General of California ALFREDO TERRAZAS
3	Special Assistant Attorney General ARTHUR D. TAGGART
4	Supervising Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 083047
5	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 324-5339
7	Facsimile: (916) 327-8643 Attorneys for Complainant
8	BEFORE THE BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 2010 - 373
12	SANDRA C. TAYLOR, A.K.A. SANDRA CORRINE TAYLOR MANNING A C C U S A T I O N
13	P.O. Box 434 Marietta, Oklahoma 73448
14	Registered Nurse License No. 446731
15	Respondent.
16	
17	Complainant alleges:
18	PARTIES White the property of
19	1. Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN ("Complainant") brings this Accusation solely in her
20	official capacity as the Interim Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing ("Board"),
21	Department of Consumer Affairs.
22	Registered Nurse License
23	2. On or about September 30, 1989, the Board issued Registered Nurse License Number
24	446731 to Sandra C. Taylor, also known as Sandra Corrine Taylor Manning ("Respondent"). The
25	registered nurse license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought
26	herein and expired on June 30, 2009.
27	
27	
27 28	

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

- 3. Section 2750 of the Business and Professions Code ("Code") provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may discipline any licensee, including a licensee holding a temporary or an inactive license, for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with Code section 2750) of the Nursing Practice Act.
- 4. Code section 2764 provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board of jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee or to render a decision imposing discipline on the license. Under Code section 2811, subdivision (b), the Board may renew an expired license at any time within eight years after the expiration.
 - 5. Code section 2761 states, in pertinent part:

The board may take disciplinary action against a certified or licensed nurse or deny an application for a certificate or license for any of the following:

- (a) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- (4) Denial of licensure, revocation, suspension, restriction, or any other disciplinary action against a health care professional license or certificate by another state or territory of the United States, by any other government agency, or by another California health care professional licensing board. A certified copy of the decision or judgment shall be conclusive evidence of that action.
- (b) Procuring his or her certificate or license by fraud, misrepresentation, or mistake.
- (e) Making or giving any false statement or information in connection with the application for issuance of a certificate or license.
- (f) Conviction of a felony or of any offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a registered nurse, in which event the record of the conviction shall be conclusive evidence thereof.

COST RECOVERY

- 6. Code section 125.3 provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.
- | ///

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Out-of-State Discipline)

7. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 2761, subdivision (a)(4), on the grounds of unprofessional conduct, in that Respondent has been disciplined by the State of Oklahoma, State of Texas, and the State of Idaho, as follows:

Oklahoma Board of Nursing

- a. On November 7, 2007, a nurse investigator of the Oklahoma Board of Nursing ("Oklahoma Board") filed a complaint against Respondent alleging facts which constitute a violation of the Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act.
- b. On November 14, 2007, the Oklahoma Board filed an Order for Emergency Temporary Suspending Pending a Hearing.
- c. On November 30, 2007, the Oklahoma Board received Respondent's Response and Notice of Appearance in which she admitted to all the allegations of the complaint.
- d. On January 8, 2008, the Oklahoma Board of Nursing ("Oklahoma Board") adjudged Respondent to be in default following Respondent's failure to appear at the hearing scheduled on that date. Pursuant to the Order of Revocation by Default, the Oklahoma Board ordered Respondent's Oklahoma Nursing License No. R0051161 revoked for a period of fifty (50) years. It was further ordered that Respondent may never apply for a nursing license in the State of Oklahoma. It was further ordered that within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Order, Respondent was to reimburse the Oklahoma Board an administrative penalty in the amount of \$14,000 and the amount of \$4,100 for actual investigation and prosecution costs. The basis for discipline is as follows:
- i. On or about November 13, 1986, the Board of Nursing in the State of Idaho issued an Order against Respondent, revoking her Practical Nurse License No. PN-3812, for gross negligence in performing nursing functions and violation of standards of conduct and practice.
- ii. On or about June 24, 1982, Respondent pled guilty to a felony, Obtaining Welfare Benefits by Fraudulent Acts, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for the County of Nez Perce, Case No. 49095, in the matter entitled

The State of Idaho vs. Sandra C. Tayor, Case No. 49095. Respondent was placed on probation for five (5) years with conditions, under the custody of the Board of Correction and the District Court. Respondent was further ordered to pay restitution in the amount of \$2,163.30.

- iii On or about April 30, 1986, Respondent applied in the State of Washington to take the NCLEX-RN exam answering "No" to the question which asked if she had a felony or misdemeanor violation. Further, Respondent indicated in that application that she had completed her nursing education at Lewis Clark State College, Lewiston, Idaho in 1986 and had graduated with an Associate Degree; however, that college has no record of Respondent ever being enrolled as student.
- iv. On or about February 19, 1988, the Board of Nursing for the State of Idaho denied Respondent a license to practice as a registered nurse based on her revocation as a practical nurse in that state, as more particularly set forth in subparagraph i, above,
- v. On or about January 3, 1990, Respondent filed an Application for Endorsement as a Registered Nurse with the Oklahoma Board of Nursing wherein she attested that she graduated from Lewis Clark State College in Lewiston, Idaho with an Associate Degree in May 1986; however, that facility has no record of Respondent ever attending that college.
- vi On or about June 13, 2000, the Board of Nurse Examiners for the State of Texas ("Texas Board") issued an Order against Respondent revoking Respondent's Texas Permanent Certificate No. 549419. The Texas Board concluded that Respondent engaged in conduct likely to injure patients, place patients in harm, and deceived her employer and the public by documenting incorrect information about her educational background.
- vii On or about March 12, 2004, Respondent renewed her Oklahoma registered nurse license with the Oklahoma Board and falsified her renewal form by answering "No" to Question No. 3, which asked if she ever received a deferred sentence, including expunged offenses and "No" to Question No. 4, which asked if disciplinary action had been taken against her nursing license or any other health care license in Oklahoma or any other state.
- viii On or about August 14, 2006, Respondent filed an Application for Reinstatement of License with the Oklahoma Board and falsified her application by answering

///

"No" to Question No. 6, which asked if she had ever been convicted of a felony and "No" to Question No. 7, which asked if she had ever had disciplinary action taken against her nursing license or on any health-related license or certificate in any state, territory or country.

ix On or about March 30, 2006, through June 14, 2007, Respondent, while employed with Jetty Counseling Center in Wynnewood, Oklahoma, performed out-patient clinical services (psychotherapy and treatment planning services) as a mental health professional for SoonCare patients and signed her name as "S. Taylor, RN, MSN, AAPN" when, in fact, she failed to provide any documents indicating she has been certified as an Advanced Practice Nurse. Further, Respondent failed to provide any documentation authenticating she had a Master's Degree in nursing.

Board of Nurse Examiners for the State of Texas

- e. Effective June 13, 2000, the Board of Nurse Examiners for the State of Texas ("Texas Board") pursuant to the Order of the Board, dated the same, revoked Respondent's Permanent Certificate Number 549419, to practice professional nursing in the State of Texas. The basis for discipline is as follows:
- i. On January 10, 1997, while employed with Contract Management Services, Inc., ("CMSI") and working at Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas, Respondent failed to administer, in a timely fashion, Kayexelate, as ordered by the physician for Medical Record #100413-006, a patient in renal failure. Further, on the same date, Respondent failed to document the medications administered and care given to the same patient.
- ii. On February 5, 1997, while employed by CMSI and working at Baylor University Medical Center, Dallas, Texas, Respondent failed to care adequately for the Swan Ganz catheter for Medical Record #473026-001. The ventral venous pressure port of the catheter was found to be open and leaking blood. It was determined that the Swan Ganz was inoperable and another Swan Ganz should not be inserted due to the high risk associated with the patient's condition. Further, on the same date, regarding this patient, Respondent discontinued a drip infusion of Cardizem instead of the Procainamide infusion as ordered by the patient's physician.

2.6

- iii. On July 5, 1989, while seeking employment with CMSI, Respondent falsified her application for employment by providing incorrect information about her educational background.
- iv. On September 30, 1995, while seeking employment with CMSI, Respondent falsified her application for employment by providing incorrect information about her educational background.

Board of Nursing, State of Idaho

- f. Effective November 13, 1986, the Board of Nursing, State of Idaho ("Idaho Board") pursuant to the Order Revoking License, dated the same, revoked Respondent's Practical Nurse License Number PN-3812, to practice professional nursing in the State of Idaho. The basis for discipline is as follows:
- i. On June 9, 1986, the Idaho Board initiated a Petition for Revocation or Suspension of License and served on Respondent on July 21, 1986. On August 6, 1986 in response to the petition, Respondent mailed a ten-page letter to the Idaho Board; however, Respondent failed to return the Answer to Petition nor did she request a hearing.
- ii. On April 6, 1982, Respondent signed a notarized statement that on March 14, 1982, Respondent inadvertently disposed of a contaminated multi-dose vial of Morphine Sulfate with approximately 14 cc remaining by pouring the drug down the sink drain instead of returning the unused portion to the pharmacy.
- iii. From on or about January 1982, to February 1983, nursing assistants reported to Board staff that they witnessed Respondent frequently yelling loudly at residents in the Lewiston Care Center, that she used obscene language in the presence of residents, that several times she moved residents so roughly that their extremities hit the side rails, causing bruising and breaking of the skin, and that on one occasion when a resident was yelling loudly, Respondent covered the resident's face purposefully with soiled linen. Further, on at least one occasion, Respondent fondled the genitals of a male resident.
- iv. From on or about June 22, 1983, and July 7, 1983, Respondent frequently left the medication cart and the medication room door unlocked.

- v. In or about February 1984, Respondent was terminated from St. Joseph's Hospital for failure to provide nursing care that met minimum standards, as follows:
- A. In or about April 1983, Respondent documented evening care that had not been provided.
- B. In or about December 1983, Respondent mixed and hung two medicated intravenous solutions, which acts exceeded the scope of practice.
- C. In or about December 1983, Respondent inserted a dirty nasogastric tube that was misplaced into the patient's lung.
- D. In or about February 1984, Respondent failed to administer two or three hourly tube feedings to a patient as ordered by a physician.
- vi. On or about April 6-7, 1986, Respondent failed to respond to three reports from nursing assistants on the 3-11 and 11-7 shifts of complaints of pain from a patient at Orchard Nursing Home, Lewiston, Idaho. The patient was found on the floor after having been placed in a geriatric chair. Further, Respondent failed to conduct further assessments and contact the physician to report the complaints or obtain a pain medication order. Respondent documented the record "no complaints"; however, the following day the patient was diagnosed as having a fracture that required surgical intervention.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Obtained Licenses by Fraud or Misrepresentation)

- 8. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 2761, subdivision (b), in that Respondent obtained licensure in the State of Washington and the State of Oklahoma by fraud or misrepresentation, as follows:
- a. Respondent falsely represented her educational background on both applications for licensure that she graduated from Lewis Clark State College, Lewiston, Idaho; however, that institution has no record that Respondent was ever enrolled as a student.
- b. Respondent falsely represented on both applications for licensure that she had not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor; however, Respondent had been convicted of a felony, as more particularly set forth in paragraph 7, subparagraph (d)(ii), above.

9

10

12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Providing False Information on Applications for Licensure)

9. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 2761, subdivision (e), in that Respondent provided false information to the State of Washington and the State of Oklahoma on her applications for licensure, as more particularly set forth in paragraph 8, subparagraphs a and b, above.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conviction of a Crime)

10. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to Code section 2761, subdivision (f), in that on June 24, 1982, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of Idaho, County of Nez Perce, in the matter entitled *The State of Idaho vs. Sandra C. Taylor*, Case No. 49095, Respondent was convicted following her plea of guilty to a violation of I.C. 56-227, (obtaining welfare benefits by fraudulent acts), a felony. Respondent was placed on probation for 5 years with conditions.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Registered Nursing issue a decision:

- Revoking or suspending Registered Nurse License Number 446731, issued to Sandra
 Taylor, also known as Sandra Corrine Taylor Manning;
- 2. Ordering Sandra C. Taylor, also known as Sandra Corrine Taylor Manning to pay the Board of Registered Nursing the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3; and,
 - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: 2/4/10

LOUISE R. BAILEY, M.ED., R

Interim Executive Officer Board of Registered Nursing

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California

Complainant

SA2009310938-10523328.doc